1	Senate Bill No. 52
2	(By Senators Plymale, Jenkins and Stollings)
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4	[Introduced February 13, 2013; referred to the Committee on
5	Education; and then to the Committee on Finance.]
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10	A BILL to repeal $\$18B-16-7$, $\$18B-16-8$ and $\$18B-16-9$ of the Code
11	of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact
12	\$18B-16-1, $$18B-16-2$, $$18B-16-3$, $$18B-16-4$, $$18B-16-5$ and
13	§18B-16-6 of said code, all relating to continuing the Rural
14	Health Initiative; setting forth legislative findings, purpose
15	and definitions; discontinuing the Rural Health Advisory
16	Committee and assigning certain of its duties to the Vice
17	Chancellor for Health Sciences; deleting the requirement for
18	creation of primary health care education sites; clarifying
19	certain funding mechanisms and audit and reporting requirements;
20	strengthening accountability measures; updating names; making
21	technical corrections; and deleting obsolete language.
22	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
23	That $\$18B-16-7$, $\$18B-16-8$ and $\$18B-16-9$ of the Code of West
24	Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; and that \$18B-16-1,

- 1 \$18B-16-2, \$18B-16-3, \$18B-16-4, \$18B-16-5 and \$18B-16-6 of said
- 2 code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
- 3 ARTICLE 16. HEALTH CARE EDUCATION.
- 4 §18B-16-1. Short title; legislative findings and purpose.
- 5 (a) This article is known and may be cited as the Rural Health
- 6 Initiative Act.
- 7 (b) The Legislature makes the following findings related to rural
- 8 health education and provision of health care services:
- 9 (1) The health of West Virginia citizens is of paramount
- 10 importance and educating and training health care professionals
- 11 are essential elements in providing appropriate medical care.
- 12 The state needs a greater number of primary care physicians and
- 13 allied health care professionals as well as improved access to
- 14 adequate health care, especially in rural areas. The state's
- schools of health science find it increasingly difficult to
- 16 satisfy the demand for qualified persons to deliver these health
- 17 care services.
- 18 (2) Both national and state predictors indicate that health care
- 19 shortages will continue; therefore, there remains a great need to
- 20 focus on recruiting and retaining health care professionals in
- 21 West Virginia.
- 22 (3) Schools of health science and rural health care facilities
- 23 are a major resource for educating and training students in these
- 24 health care fields and for providing health care to underserved

- 1 areas of West Virginia. The education process must incorporate
- 2 clinical experience in rural areas in order to make health care
- 3 services more readily available statewide and especially in
- 4 underserved rural areas.
- 5 (4) The Legislature further finds that in order to provide
- 6 adequate health care in rural communities there must be
- 7 cooperation and collaboration among educators, physicians,
- 8 mid-level providers, allied health care providers and the rural
- 9 communities themselves.
- 10 (c) The purpose of this article is to continue the Rural Health
- 11 Initiative and to encourage the schools of health science to
- 12 strive for improvements in the delivery of health care services
- in rural areas while recognizing that the state investment in
- 14 health science education and services must be contained within
- 15 affordable limits.
- 16 **\$18B-16-2.** Definitions.
- 17 For purposes of this article, terms have the meanings ascribed to
- 18 them in section two, article one of this chapter or as ascribed
- 19 to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates a
- 20 different meaning:
- 21 "Allied health care" means health care other than that provided
- 22 by physicians, nurses, dentists and mid-level providers and
- includes, but is not limited to, care provided by clinical
- laboratory personnel, physical therapists, occupational

- 1 therapists, respiratory therapists, medical records personnel,
- 2 dietetic personnel, radiologic personnel, speech-language-hearing
- 3 personnel and dental hygienists.
- 4 "Mid-level provider" means an advanced nurse practitioner, a
- 5 nurse-midwife and a physician assistant; however, the term also
- 6 may include practitioners not listed.
- 7 "Office of community health systems and health promotion" means
- 8 that agency, staff or office within the Department of Health and
- 9 Human Resources which has as its primary focus the delivery of
- 10 rural health care.
- "Primary care" means basic or general health care which is
- 12 focused on the point when the patient first seeks assistance from
- 13 the medical care system and on the care of the simpler and more
- 14 common illnesses. This type of care is generally rendered by
- 15 family practice physicians, general practice physicians, general
- internists, obstetricians, pediatricians, psychiatrists and
- mid-level providers.
- 18 "Rural health care facility", whether the term is used in the
- 19 singular or plural, means either of the following:
- 20 (1) A nonprofit, free-standing primary care clinic in a medically
- 21 underserved or health professional shortage area; or
- 22 (2) A nonprofit rural hospital with one hundred or fewer licensed
- 23 acute care beds located in a nonstandard metropolitan statistical
- 24 area.

- 1 "Schools of health science" means the West Virginia University
- 2 Health Sciences Center, the Marshall University School of
- 3 Medicine and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.
- 4 "Vice chancellor" means the Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences
- 5 appointed in accordance with section five, article one-b of this
- 6 chapter.
- 7 §18B-16-3. Rural Health Initiative continued; goals.
- 8 The Rural Health Initiative is continued under the authority of
- 9 the commission and under the supervision of the vice chancellor.
- 10 The goals of the Rural Health Initiative include, but are not
- limited to, the following:
- 12 (1) Placing mid-level providers in rural communities and
- providing support to the mid-level providers;
- 14 (2) Developing innovative programs which enhance student interest
- in rural health care opportunities;
- 16 (3) Increasing the number of placements of primary care
- 17 physicians in underserved areas;
- 18 (4) Retaining obstetrical providers and increasing accessibility
- 19 to prenatal care;
- 20 (5) Increasing involvement of underserved areas of the state in
- 21 the health education process;
- 22 (6) Increasing the number of support services provided to rural
- 23 practitioners; and
- 24 (7) Increasing the number of graduates from West Virginia schools

- of health science, nursing schools and allied health care
- 2 education programs who remain to practice in the state.
- 3 §18B-16-4. Powers and duties of the vice chancellor.
- 4 The following powers and duties are in addition to those assigned
- 5 to the vice chancellor by the commission and by law:
- 6 (1) Providing an integral link among the schools of health
- 7 science and the governing boards to assure collaboration and
- 8 coordination of efforts to achieve the goals set forth in this
- 9 article;
- 10 (2) Soliciting input from state citizens living in rural
- 11 communities;
- 12 (3) Coordinating the Rural Health Initiative with the allied
- 13 health care education programs within the state systems of higher
- 14 education;
- 15 (4) Reviewing new proposals and annual updates submitted in
- accordance with section five of this article, preparing the
- 17 budget for the Rural Health Initiative and submitting the budget
- to the commission for approval;
- 19 (5) Distributing funds appropriated by the Legislature for the
- 20 Rural Health Initiative in accordance with section five of this
- 21 article; and
- 22 (6) Performing other duties as prescribed or as necessary to
- implement the provisions of this article.
- 24 \$18B-16-5. Allocation of appropriations.

- 1 (a) The Rural Health Initiative is supported financially, in
- 2 part, from appropriations to the commission's control accounts,
- 3 which shall be made by line item, with at least one line item
- 4 designated for rural health outreach and at least one line item
- 5 designated for the Rural Health Initiative Medical Schools
- Support.
- 7 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section twelve, article
- 8 three, chapter twelve of this code, any funds appropriated to the
- 9 commission in accordance with this section that remain
- 10 unallocated or unexpended at the end of a fiscal year do not
- 11 expire, but remain in the line item to which they were originally
- 12 appropriated and are available in the next fiscal year to be used
- for the purposes of this article.
- 14 (c) Additional financial support may come from gifts, grants,
- 15 contributions, bequests, endowments or other money made available
- to achieve the purposes of this article.
- 17 §18B-16-6. Accountability; reports and audits required.
- 18 (a) The vice chancellor serves as the principal accountability
- 19 point for the commission and state policymakers on the
- 20 implementation of this article and the status of rural health
- 21 education in the state. Under the supervision of the chancellor
- and the commission, the vice chancellor shall develop
- 23 outcomes-based indicators including an analysis of the health
- 24 care needs of the targeted areas and an assessment of the extent

- 1 to which the goals of this article are being met.
- 2 (b) Each school of health science shall submit a detailed
- 3 proposal and annual updates to the vice chancellor.
- 4 (1) The proposal shall state, with specificity, how the school
- 5 will work to further the goals and meet the criteria set forth in
- 6 this article and shall show the amount of appropriation which the
- 7 school would need to implement the proposal.
- 8 (2) The vice chancellor shall determine the cycle for all schools
- 9 of health science to submit new proposals for Rural Health
- 10 Initiative funding and shall provide a model for each school to
- 11 follow in submitting a comprehensive update each of the years
- 12 when a new proposal is not required. The vice chancellor shall
- 13 require a new proposal from each school at least once within each
- 14 three-year period.
- 15 (c) The vice chancellor shall provide data on the outcomes-based
- 16 indicators and other appropriate information to the commission
- 17 for inclusion in the health sciences report card established by
- section eight, article one-d of this chapter.
- 19 (d) The vice chancellor shall report annually, or more often if
- 20 requested, to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education
- 21 Accountability created by section eleven, article three-a,
- 22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and to the Joint Committee on
- 23 Government and Finance regarding the status of the Rural Health
- 24 Initiative, placing particular emphasis on the outcomes-based

- 1 indicators and the success of the schools of health science in
- 2 meeting the goals and objectives of this article.
- 3 (e) The Legislative Auditor, upon his or her own initiative or at
- 4 the direction of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance,
- 5 shall perform regular fiscal audits of the schools of health
- 6 science and the Rural Health Initiative and shall make these
- 7 audits available periodically for review by the Legislature and
- 8 the public.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to continue the Rural Health Initiative; discontinue the rural health advisory committee and assign certain of its duties to Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences; delete the requirement for creation of primary health care education sites; clarify funding mechanisms and auditing and reporting requirements; strengthen accountability and delete obsolete language.

\$18B-16-1, \$18B-16-2, \$18B-16-3, \$18B-16-4, \$18B-16-5 and \$18B-16-6 have been completely rewritten; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.)